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READING ASSESSMENT AMENDMENTS

2013 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart

House Sponsor: Bradley G. Last

requires the Education Interim Committee to study the reading performance of



26	students enrolled in a half-day kindergarten program as compared to the reading performance	
27	of students enrolled in an all-day kindergarten program.	
28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
29	This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2014:	
30	 to the State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Contracts and Grants - 	
31	K-3 Reading Diagnostic Assessment System, as an ongoing appropriation:	
32	• from the Education Fund, (\$2,200,000);	
33	 to the State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Contracts and Grants - 	
34	Early Intervention, as an ongoing appropriation:	
35	• from the Education Fund, \$2,500,000; and	
36	 to the State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Contracts and Grants - 	
37	Early Intervention, as a one-time appropriation:	
38	• from the Education Fund, \$5,000,000.	
39	Other Special Clauses:	
40	This bill provides an effective date.	
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
42	AMENDS:	
43	53A-1-606.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 372	
44	53A-1-606.6, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 372	
45	53A-17a-150 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 342, 359, 371, 372, 418	
46	and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 372	
47	53A-17a-167 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 420	
48	Uncodified Material Affected:	
49	ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL	
50		
51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
52	Section 1. Section 53A-1-606.5 is amended to read:	
53	53A-1-606.5. State reading goal Reading achievement plan.	
54	(1) As used in this section[, the]:	
55	(a) "Competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge, skill, or	
56	ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels of	

57	knowledge, skill, or ability.
58	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,
59	comprehension, and vocabulary.
60	(2) (a) The Legislature recognizes that:
61	(i) reading is the most fundamental skill, the gateway to knowledge and lifelong
62	learning;
63	(ii) there is an ever increasing demand for literacy in the highly technological society
64	we live in;
65	(iii) students who do not learn to read will be economically and socially disadvantaged
66	(iv) reading problems exist in almost every classroom;
67	(v) almost all reading failure is preventable if reading difficulties are diagnosed and
68	treated early; and
69	(vi) early identification and treatment of reading difficulties can result in students
70	learning to read by the end of the third grade.
71	(b) It is therefore the goal of the state to have every student in the state's public
72	education system reading on or above grade level by the end of the third grade.
73	(3) (a) Each public school containing kindergarten, grade one, grade two, or grade
74	three, including charter schools, shall develop, in conjunction with all other school planning
75	processes and requirements, a reading achievement plan for its students in kindergarten through
76	grade three to reach the reading goal set in Subsection (2)(b).
77	(b) The reading achievement plan shall be:
78	(i) created under the direction of:
79	(A) the school community council or a subcommittee or task force created by the
80	school community council, in the case of a school district school; or
81	(B) the charter school governing board or a subcommittee or task force created by the
82	governing board, in the case of a charter school; and
83	(ii) implemented by the school's principal, teachers, and other appropriate school staff.
84	(c) The school principal shall take primary responsibility to provide leadership and
85	allocate resources and support for teachers and students, most particularly for those who are
86	reading below grade level, to achieve the reading goal.
87	(d) Each reading achievement plan shall include:

88 (i) an assessment component that: 89 (A) focuses on ongoing formative assessment to measure the five domains of reading, 90 as appropriate, and inform individualized instructional decisions; and 91 (B) includes a benchmark assessment of reading approved by the State Board of 92 Education pursuant to Section 53A-1-606.6; 93 (ii) an intervention component: 94 (A) that provides adequate and appropriate interventions focused on each student 95 attaining [proficiency] competency in reading skills; 96 (B) based on best practices identified through proven researched-based methods; 97 (C) that provides intensive intervention, such as focused instruction in small groups 98 and individualized data driven instruction, implemented at the earliest possible time for 99 students having difficulty in reading; 100 (D) that provides an opportunity for parents to receive materials and guidance so that 101 they will be able to assist their children in attaining [proficiency] competency in reading skills; 102 and 103 (E) that, as resources allow, may involve a reading specialist; and 104 (iii) a reporting component that includes reporting to parents: 105 (A) at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of grade one, grade two, and grade 106 three, their child's benchmark assessment results as required by Section 53A-1-606.6; and 107 (B) at the end of third grade, their child's reading level. 108 (e) In creating or reviewing a reading achievement plan as required by this section, a 109 school community council, charter school governing board, or a subcommittee or task force of 110 a school community council or charter school governing board may not have access to data that 111 reveal the identity of students. 112 (4) (a) The school district shall approve each plan developed by schools within the 113 district prior to its implementation and review each plan annually. 114 (b) The charter school governing board shall approve each plan developed by schools 115 under its control and review each plan annually. 116 (c) A school district and charter school governing board shall: 117 (i) monitor the learning gains of a school's students as reported by the benchmark

assessments administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-606.6; and

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119	(11) require a reading achievement plan to be revised, if the school district or charter
120	school governing board determines a school's students are not making adequate learning gains.
121	Section 2. Section 53A-1-606.6 is amended to read:
122	53A-1-606.6. Benchmark assessments in reading Report to parent or guardian.
123	(1) As used in this section:
124	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
125	(b) "Competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge, skill, or
126	ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels of
127	knowledge, skill, or ability.
128	[(1)] (2) The [State Board of Education] board shall approve a benchmark assessment
129	for use statewide by school districts and charter schools to assess the reading [proficiency]
130	competency of students in grades one, two, and three as provided by this section.
131	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ A school district or charter school shall:
132	(a) administer benchmark assessments to students in grades one, two, and three at the
133	beginning, middle, and end of the school year using the benchmark assessment approved by the
134	[State Board of Education] board; and
135	(b) after administering a benchmark assessment, report the results to a student's parent
136	or guardian.
137	[(3)] (4) If a benchmark assessment or supplemental reading assessment indicates a
138	student lacks [proficiency] competency in a reading skill, or is lagging behind other students in
139	the student's grade in acquiring a reading skill, the school district or charter school shall:
140	(a) provide focused <u>individualized</u> intervention to develop the reading skill;
141	(b) administer formative assessments to measure the success of the focused
142	intervention;
143	(c) inform the student's parent or guardian of activities that the parent or guardian may
144	engage in with the student to assist the student in improving reading proficiency; and
145	(d) provide information to the parent or guardian regarding appropriate interventions
146	[available to the student outside of the regular school day that may include tutoring, before and
147	after school programs, or summer school].
148	Section 3. Section 53A-17a-150 is amended to read:
149	53A-17a-150. K-3 Reading Improvement Program.

150	(1) As used in this section:	
151	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.	
152	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,	
153	comprehension, and vocabulary.	
154	[(a)] (c) "Program" means the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.	
155	[(b)] <u>(d)</u> "Program money" means:	
156	(i) school district revenue allocated to the program from other money available to the	
157	school district, except money provided by the state, for the purpose of receiving state funds	
158	under this section; and	
159	(ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the program.	
160	(2) The K-3 Reading Improvement Program consists of program money and is created	
161	to supplement other school resources to achieve the state's goal of having third graders reading	
162	at or above grade level.	
163	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate	
164	money to the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.	
165	(4) (a) To receive program money, a school district or charter school must submit a plan	
166	to the [State Board of Education] board for reading proficiency improvement that incorporates	
167	the following components:	
168	(i) assessment;	
169	(ii) intervention strategies;	
170	(iii) professional development for classroom teachers in kindergarten through grade	
171	three;	
172	(iv) reading performance standards; and	
173	(v) specific measurable goals that include the following:	
174	(A) a growth goal for each school within a school district and each charter school	
175	based upon student learning gains as measured by benchmark assessments administered	
176	pursuant to Section 53A-1-606.6; and	
177	(B) a growth goal for each school district and charter school to increase the percentage	
178	of third grade students who read on grade level from year to year as measured by the third	
179	grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603.	
180	(b) The [State Board of Education] board shall provide model plans which a school	

through grade three; and

181 district or charter school may use, or the school district or charter school may develop its own 182 plan. 183 (c) Plans developed by a school district or charter school shall be approved by the 184 [State Board of Education] board. 185 (d) The board shall develop uniform standards for acceptable growth goals that a 186 school district or charter school adopts as described in this Subsection (4). 187 (5) (a) There is created within the K-3 Reading Achievement Program three funding 188 programs: 189 (i) the Base Level Program; 190 (ii) the Guarantee Program; and 191 (iii) the Low Income Students Program. 192 (b) The [State Board of Education] board may use no more than \$7,500,000 from an 193 appropriation described in Subsection (3) for computer-assisted instructional learning and 194 assessment programs. 195 (6) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] board for the K-3 Reading 196 Improvement Program and not used by the [State Board of Education] board for 197 computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments as described in Subsection (5)(b), 198 shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows: 199 (a) 8% to the Base Level Program; 200 (b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and 201 (c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program. 202 (7) (a) To participate in the Base Level Program, a school district or charter school 203 shall submit a reading proficiency improvement plan to the [State Board of Education] board as 204 provided in Subsection (4) and must receive approval of the plan from the [State Board of 205 Education] board. 206 (b) (i) Each school district qualifying for Base Level Program funds and the qualifying 207 elementary charter schools combined shall receive a base amount. 208 (ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be 209 allocated among each school in an amount proportionate to: 210 (A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten

- 212 (B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through 213 grade three.
 - (8) (a) A school district that applies for program money in excess of the Base Level Program funds shall choose to first participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program.
 - (b) A school district must fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before it may elect to either fully or partially participate in the other program.
 - (c) To fully participate in the Guarantee Program, a school district shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000056.
 - (d) To fully participate in the Low Income Students Program, a school district shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000065.
 - (e) (i) The [State Board of Education] <u>board</u> shall verify that a school district allocates the money required in accordance with Subsections (8)(c) and (d) before it distributes funds in accordance with this section.
 - (ii) The State Tax Commission shall provide the [State Board of Education] board the information the [State Board of Education] board needs in order to comply with Subsection (8)(e)(i).
 - (9) (a) Except as provided in (9)(c), a school district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount that is:
 - (i) equal to the difference between \$21 times the district's total WPUs and the revenue the school district is required to allocate under Subsection (8)(c) to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and
 - (ii) not less than \$0.
 - (b) Except as provided in (9)(c), an elementary charter school shall receive under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the school's total WPUs.
 - (c) The [State Board of Education] board may adjust the \$21 guarantee amount described in Subsections (9)(a) and (b) to account for actual appropriations and money used by the [State Board of Education] board for computer-assisted instructional learning and

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- (10) The [State Board of Education] board shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two.
- (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of school district revenue allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been allocated if the school district had fully participated in the program.
- (12) (a) A school district or charter school shall use program money for reading proficiency improvement <u>interventions</u> in grades kindergarten through grade [three] 3 that have proven to significantly increase the percentage of students reading at grade level, including:
 - (i) reading assessments; and
 - (ii) focused reading remediations that may include:
- 256 (A) the use of reading specialists;
- 257 (B) tutoring;
- 258 [(C) before or after school programs;]
- [(D) summer school programs; or
- 260 [(E)] (C) the use of reading software [:]; or
 - (D) the use of interactive computer software programs for literacy instruction and assessments for students.
 - (b) A school district or charter school may use program money for portable technology devices used to administer reading assessments.
 - (c) Program money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may be used to augment existing programs.
 - (13) (a) Each school district and charter school shall annually submit a report to the [State Board of Education] board accounting for the expenditure of program money in accordance with its plan for reading proficiency improvement.
 - (b) On or before the November meeting of the Education Interim Committee of each year, the [State Board of Education] board shall report a summary of the reading improvement program expenditures of each school district and charter school.
 - (c) If a school district or charter school uses program money in a manner that is

- inconsistent with Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the [State Board of Education] board for the amount of program money improperly used, up to the amount of program money received from the [State Board of Education] board.
 - (14) (a) The [State Board of Education] board shall make rules to implement the program.
 - (b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each school district or charter school to annually report progress in meeting school and school district goals stated in the school district's or charter school's plan for student reading proficiency.
 - (ii) If a school does not meet or exceed the school's goals, the school district or charter school shall prepare a new plan which corrects deficiencies. The new plan must be approved by the [State Board of Education] board before the school district or charter school receives an allocation for the next year.
 - (15) (a) If for [three] two consecutive school years, a school district fails to meet its goal to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level as measured by the third grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603, the school district shall terminate any levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-151 and may not receive money appropriated by the Legislature for the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
 - (b) If for [three] two consecutive school years, a charter school fails to meet its goal to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level as measured by the third grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603, the charter school may not receive money appropriated by the Legislature for the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
 - (16) The [State Board of Education] board shall make an annual report to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee that:
 - (a) includes information on:
 - (i) student learning gains in reading for the past school year and the five-year trend;
 - (ii) the percentage of third grade students reading on grade level in the past school year and the five-year trend; [and]
 - (iii) the progress of schools and school districts in meeting goals stated in a school district's or charter school's plan for student reading proficiency; and
 - (iv) the correlation between third grade students reading on grade level and results of third grade language arts scores on a criterion-referenced test or computer adaptive test; and

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305	(b) may include recommendations on how to increase the percentage of third grade
306	students who read on grade level.
307	Section 4. Section 53A-17a-167 is amended to read:
308	53A-17a-167. Early intervention program.
309	(1) The State Board of Education shall distribute funds appropriated under this section
310	for an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2), consistent with guidelines
311	in this section, to school districts and charter schools that apply for the funds.
312	(2) A school district or charter school shall use funds appropriated in this section to
313	offer an early intervention program, delivered through an enhanced kindergarten program that:
314	(a) is an academic program focused on building age-appropriate literacy and numeracy
315	skills;
316	(b) uses an evidence-based early intervention model;
317	(c) is targeted to at-risk students; and
318	(d) is delivered through additional hours or other means.
319	(3) A school district or charter school may not require a student to participate in an
320	enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2).
321	(4) The State Board of Education shall distribute funds appropriated under this section
322	for an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2), to school districts and
323	charter schools based on the number of [kindergarten] students eligible to receive free or
324	reduced price school lunch in each school district or charter school that applies for funding
325	under Subsection (1).
326	(5) In addition to an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2), the
327	early intervention program includes a component to address early intervention through the use
328	of an interactive computer software program.
329	(6) [The] (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, by June 30 of each year, the State
330	Board of Education shall select one or more technology providers, through a request for
331	proposals process, to provide an interactive computer software program for literacy or
332	numeracy instruction, or both, and assessments for students in kindergarten [and] through
333	grade [†] <u>3</u> .
334	(b) The State Board of Education shall distribute licenses for an interactive computer

software program described in Subsection (6)(a) to school districts and charter schools that

336	apply for the licenses.
337	(c) A school district or charter school that received a license described in Subsection
338	(6)(b) during the prior year shall be given first priority to receive a license during the current
339	<u>year.</u>
340	(7) On or before November 1, 2013, and every year thereafter, the State Board of
341	Education shall report final testing data regarding an interactive computer software program
342	described in Subsection (6), including student learning gains as a result of the interactive
343	computer software program, to:
344	(a) the Education Interim Committee; and
345	(b) the governor.
346	Section 5. Interim study of kindergarten programs.
347	The Education Interim Committee shall study a comparison of the student reading
348	performance of students enrolled in a half-day kindergarten program to the student reading
349	performance of students enrolled in an all-day kindergarten program, as measured by the
350	benchmark assessments of kindergarten students reading at grade level required in Section
351	<u>53A-17a-150.</u>
352	Section 6. Appropriation.
353	Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, for
354	the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, and ending June 30, 2014, the following sums of money
355	are appropriated from resources not otherwise appropriated, or reduced from amounts
356	previously appropriated, out of the funds or accounts indicated. These sums of money are in
357	addition to any amounts previously appropriated for fiscal year 2014.
358	To State Board of Education - State Office of Education
359	From Education Fund (\$2,200,000)
360	Schedule of Programs:
361	Contracts and Grants - K-3 Reading Program -
362	<u>Diagnostic Assessment System</u> (\$2,200,000)
363	To State Board of Education - State Office of Education
364	From Education Fund \$2,500,000
365	From Education Fund, one-time \$5,000,000
366	Schedule of Programs:

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1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 260

367	Contracts and Grants - Early Intervention \$7,500,000
368	The Legislature intends that:
369	(1) the appropriation for Contracts and Grants - Early Intervention be used by the State
370	Board of Education to select one or more technology providers to provide an interactive
371	computer software program for literacy or numeracy instruction, or both, and assessments for
372	students in kindergarten and grade 1 as described in Subsection 53A-17a-167(6);
373	(2) the appropriation described in Subsection (1):
374	(a) be ongoing; and
375	(b) not lapse at the close of fiscal year 2014.
376	Section 7. Effective date.
377	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 14, 2013.
378	(2) Uncodified Section 6, Appropriation, takes effect on July 1, 2013.